

# SQL REPLICATION

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Digging in deeper

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# Overview

- Scripting Replication Setup
- Monitoring
- Identifying Replication Errors
- Methods of Resolution

# Why Script Replication?

- GUI is incredibly useful, but only as a starting point.
- Many scenarios require starting over (Schema or database changes, server failure, extended network outages)
- Script your replication!
  - Ensures consistency between deploys
  - Exposes all the settings, parameters and options you're using.
  - Can be versioned in source control for change management.

# General Approach to Troubleshooting

- Monitor
- Identify Errors

Then based on severity, you may:

- Resolve and move forward
- Re-initialize
- Drop and recreate replication

# Monitoring

- Replication Tables and Views
- SQL Error Log
- SQL Alerts
- Verbose Logging for Agents
- Performance Monitor
  - SQLInstance: Replication \* (LogReader, Dist)
- Of course, Replication Monitor

# Identifying Errors

- Replication Monitor
- Replication Alerts  
<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms152496.aspx>
- Replication System Tables  
Most Useful: MSdistribution\_history and MSlogreader\_history, MSrepl\_errors in distribution database
- Replication System Views  
[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms187369\(v=sql.105\)](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms187369(v=sql.105))
- Books Online Reference  
[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb677162\(v=sql.105\)](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb677162(v=sql.105))

# Ignore Errors

- If the business cost of halting replication outweighs the consequence of incomplete data replication, it makes sense to configure the log reader agent to ignore certain types of errors.
- Or you can also skip over them manually with `sp_helpsubscriptionerrors` and `sp_setsubscriptionxactseqno`  
[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms151331\(SQL.105\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms151331(SQL.105).aspx)
- Be cautious about using. DBA is responsible for manually resolving data sync issues that are caused by these errors.  
<http://support.microsoft.com/kb/327817>
- Use data comparison with a tool like TableDiff to be aware of differences in the tables and synchronize them manually.

# Comparing Articles

- You can compare the tables on the publisher and subscriber, and generate a script to synchronize them.
- TableDiff  
[http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms162843\(v=sql.105\).aspx](http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms162843(v=sql.105).aspx)



# Demo and Lab

- Set up Performance Monitor
- Configure Replication
- Set up db and tables
- Set up publication and subscription
- Configure verbose logging
- View Replication Setup Report
- Test publication
- Review logs and system tables, troubleshoot
- Introduce errors and resolve
  - Skip Manually
  - TableDiff
  - Configure Distribution Agent to Skip Errors
- Teardown Replication

# When do I need to reinitialize?

- Reinitialization prepares snapshot files containing schema and data of published tables and database objects, stores the files in the snapshot folder. Can take a long time..
- Changing certain properties of a publication or article raises an error stating that re-initialization is required.
  - Adding an article
  - Changing a column in an article table.

# Reinitialization Considerations

- Turn off @immediate\_sync and @allow\_anonymous before making the change. Have to initiate sync manually at subscribers.  
<http://www.remotedbaexperts.com/Blog/2010/10/reinitializing-a-single-article-in-a-publication/>
- Use sp\_reinitsubscription to reinit an article of the publication, rather than whole publication
- Consider breaking up large publications into smaller ones, so the impact of reinitialization is reduced.
- Create replication setup and teardown scripts and keep them under source control, so change is easier to manage.

# How to manually remove replication

- Drop Subscriptions
- Drop Articles (optional)
- Drop Publications
- Turn off Distributor
- <http://support.microsoft.com/kb/324401>

# SQL Replication changes between versions

- 2012 – Support for replication in High Availability Groups  
<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb500342.aspx>
- 2008 R2 – No changes from 2008
- 2008
  - Peer to Peer improvements
  - Replication Monitor improvements
  - Partitioned Table replication support

# Questions / Discussion